The Basics of the Behavioral Interview Process



Interviewing individuals for a position with your firm is as important as any case-related interview.



Training Objectives

- Select more high potential candidates.
- Develop a system to assess candidates more completely.
- Decrease time-to-productivity dramatically.



Interviewer Time Bombs

- Age
- Medical conditions
- Disabilities or impairments
- Previous work-related injuries
- Race, color, national origin or religion
- Marital status
- Childbearing plans
- Child care arrangements
- Arrest records
- Credit History
- Military leave requirements
- Union activities or sympathies
- Memberships in social organizations



Why hypothetical questions don't work.

"What if . . ." questioning reveals very little about how candidates will actually perform on the job.

Answers to typical hypothetical questions can be memorized and rehearsed.

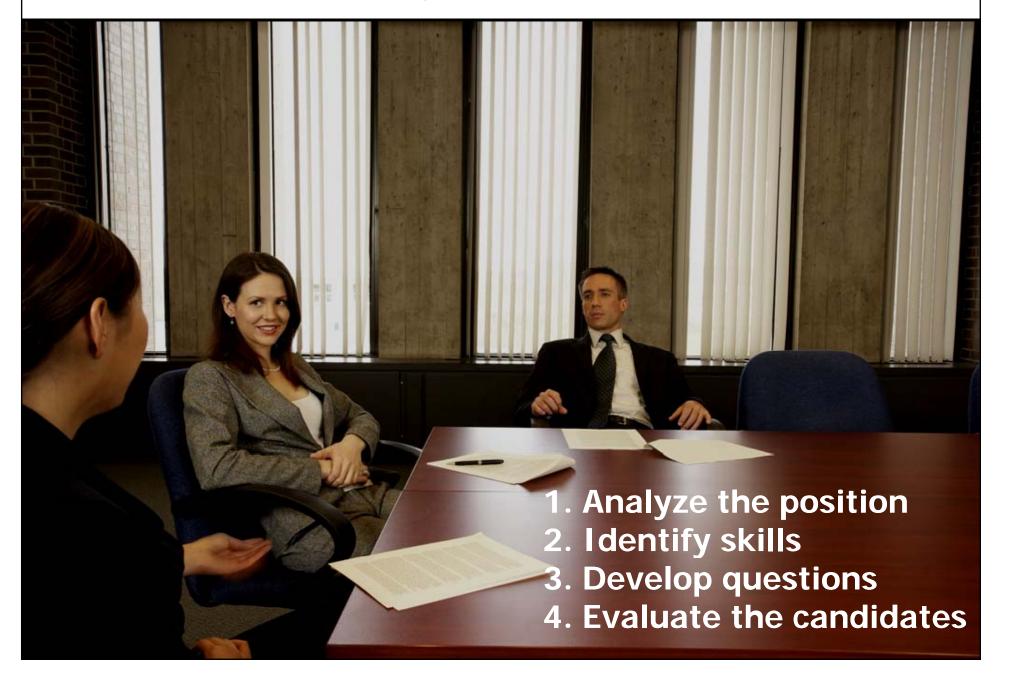


Past behavior is the best predictor of future behavior.

- Clearly identify the behaviors necessary for success in a position.
- Create questions that allow the candidates to provide real-life examples of how they have behaved in similar circumstances.



Behavioral Interviewing Basics





Suggested Steps and Timing

- Step 1 Open the interview, discussion of firm culture; 3 min.
- Step 2 Ask questions about application materials; 5 min.
- Step 3 Ask prepared questions and take notes; 2-3 min. each.
- Step 4 Ask if candidate has questions and answer them; 5 min.
- Step 5 Close the interview; 2 min.
- Step 6 Evaluate the candidate; 10-15 min.
- Average interview time with seven to ten criteria: 1 to 1.25 Hours



From Behavioral Interviewing Guide, by Tom S. Turner

Interview Structure

- Develop rapport.
- Explain format:
 Questions about your background and skills, then an opportunity for you to ask questions.
- Do not describe job.
- Do not use leading questions.
- Interview plan. Keep them talking!
- Answer their questions and next steps.



Educational and General Questions



Let candidates know in advance you'll be asking specific questions about things they've done in the past.

Give candidates a few moments to think before they respond.



Behavioral Interview Objectives

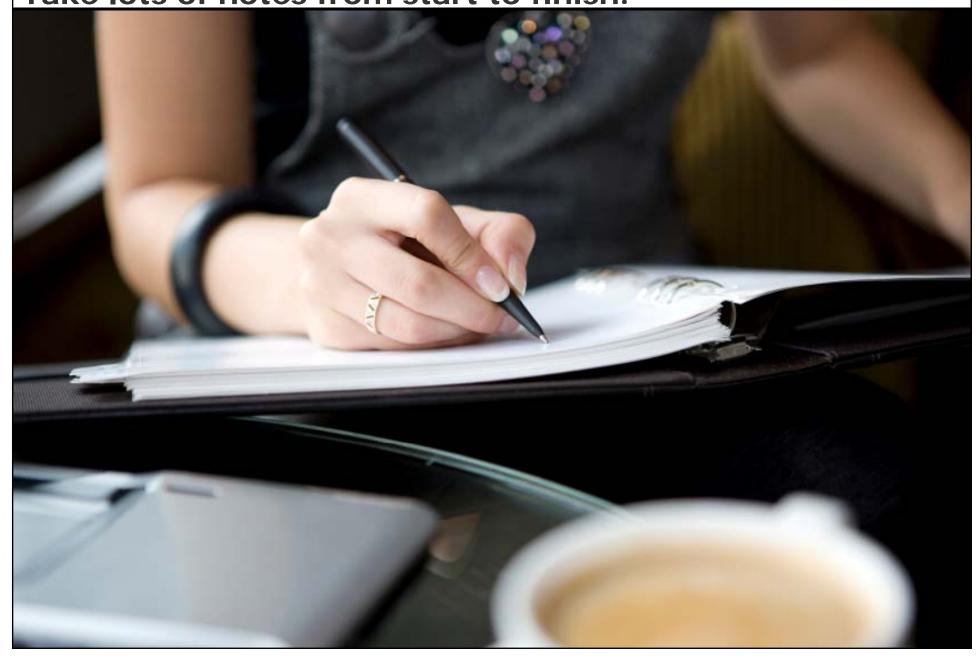
- Goal is to find evidence of past behaviors that duplicate what you need for the position.
- Force the answers to be specific.

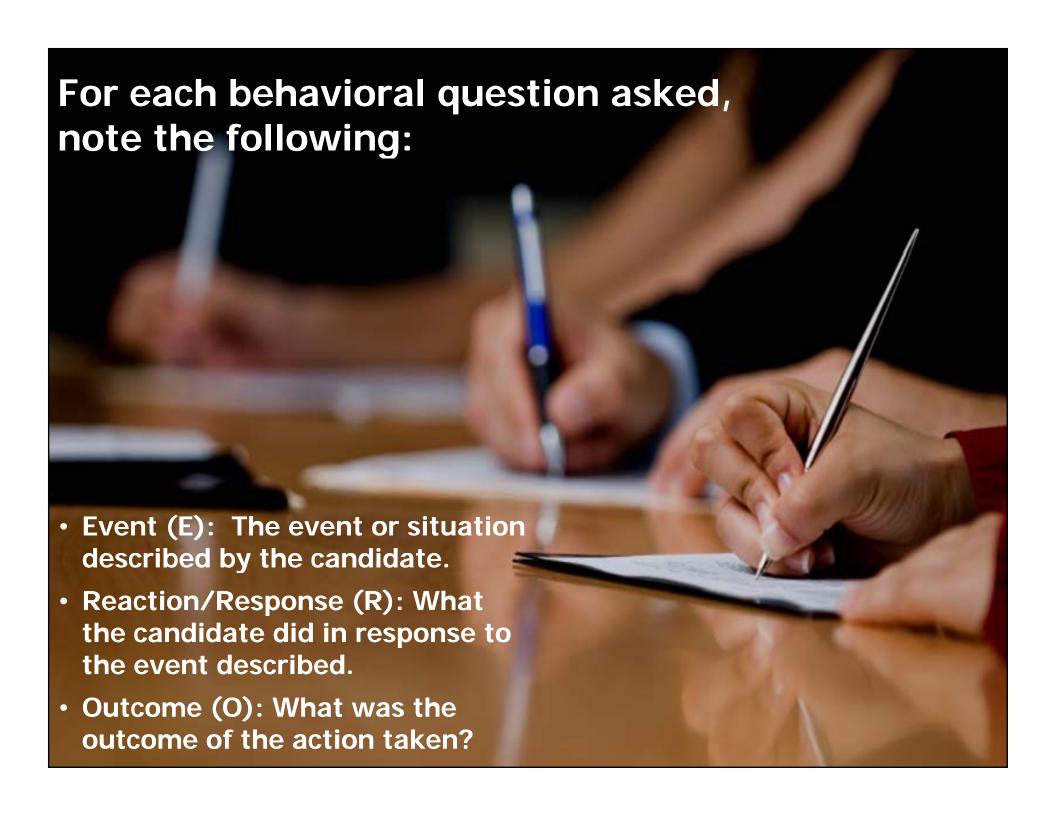


How to listen . . .

- Listen. Don't interrupt.
- Don't finish the other person's sentences.
- Don't say "I knew that."
- Don't even agree with the other person.
 Just say "thank you."
- Don't use the words "no," "but," and "however."
- Don't be distracted. Don't let your eyes wander elsewhere while the other person is talking.
- Maintain your end of the conversation.
- Don't try to impress the other person with how smart or how funny you are.

IMPORTANT! Take lots of notes from start to finish.





Evaluation

- Rate candidate responses based on the criteria.
- Use individual evaluation forms.
- Share your results and concerns with other interviewers.
- Compile scores for each candidate on the combined evaluation sheet.



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